Numb. 1791

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday January 15. to Thursday January 18. 1682.

Florence, Decemb. 29.

FRom *Turin* they write, That three Regiments more of *French* Horſe are arrived in *Piedmont*; and that a Marriage is Treating between the Duke of *Savoy* and *Madamoiſelle* Siſter to the Queen of *Spain*. Our Letters from *Rome* tell us, That Count *Martenits*, the Emperors Envoy, did not yet appear in publick; and that the Pope was diſſatisfied that the Emperor had laid a Tax of one *per Cent.* upon the Eccleſiaſticks in the Hereditary Countries, without his leave. The River *Po* has lately overflowed and done much miſchief to the Neighbouring Countries. The *French* we hear are fitting out ſeveral Men of War at *Thoulon*, to be employed againſt the *Algierines*, who will not hearken to any Overtures of Peace; The *Tripolines* have followed their example, and have begun a War with the *French*.

Copenhagen, Jan. 5. Great endeavours are uſed to compoſe the Differences that are depending between the King of *Denmark* and the Duke of *Holſtein*, and the Queen Mother does particularly employ her good Offices therein, being much concerned that there ſhould be ſuch a miſ-underſtanding between the King and his Brother-in-Law. The *Swediſh* Envoy at this Court having taken notice to ſome of the Kings Miniſters of the preparations that are making here as well by Land as Sea, we are told, he was anſwered, That the King of *Denmark* had no other deſign than to continue a perfect and ſincere friendſhip with his Brother the King of *Sweden*; that he did Arm becauſe he ſaw his Neighbours did ſo; and that he might with as much reaſon be jealous of the preparations that are made in *Sweden*; That after all, what has been done here was not worth ſpeaking of, the King having only cauſed ſome Recruits, and a few Dragoons to be raiſed, but had not as yet given out any Commiſſions for Horſe; That hereupon the *Swediſh* Envoy had replyed, That the King his Maſter would always value and cultivate the friendſhip of the King of *Denmark*, that his deſign was only to eſtabliſh the Militia of his Kingdom upon the ancient foot, and that to repair the loſſes he had ſuſtained at Sea, he was obliged to build ſeveral new Ships.

Vienna, January 7. The Letters we received yeſterday from *Hungary* did not confirm the news we had of the death of Count *Teckeley*; but there are ſome which ſpeak of his being ill at the Caſtle of *Mongatz*. It is very confidently reported, that a great many People die of the Plague at *Caſchaw* and other places in *Upper Hungary*, and for this reaſon, the *Turkiſh* Gariſon that was deſigned for *Caſchaw*, has, as it's ſaid, not yet entred the place, but is quartered hard by. The Imperial Troops that are quartered on the *Waag*, receive frequent alarms from the *Turks*, which very much wearies them, and therefore ſeveral Regiments are on their march to relieve them. Several Troops are likewiſe ordered to march to the Berg-Towns, under the Command of Colonel *Diepenthal*, to ſecure the Miners againſt the Invaſions of the *Turks*, who, there is reaſon to believe, may make ſome attempt upon them. The Inhabitants of this City have received ſtrict Orders to furniſh themſelves with Proviſion for a year; and beſides, the Magiſtrates are providing ſeveral publick Magazines, from whence ſuch as are not able to make ſo large a proviſion at preſent, may be ſupplied. The Burghers are Exerciſed in their Arms, and nothing is omitted that may add to the ſtrength and ſecurity of this place. We are told, that the Emperor has ſent Orders to his Forces that are on the ſide of *Germany* to move this way, deſigning to employ them in *Hungary*; and that there is at preſent a better proſpect of an accommodation of the Differences between the Empire and *France*, than there lately was. We are aſſured that the King of *Sueden* has offer'd to aſſiſt the Emperor with 10000 Men againſt the *Turks*, upon condition the Emperor do pay them; The Electors of *Bavaria* and *Saxony* have likewiſe promiſed to aſſiſt his Imperial Majeſty in this War. The Count *de Caprara*, the Emperors Miniſter at the *Port*, has Orders to return home.

Ratisbone, Jan. 9. On the 23 of the laſt Month the Electoral Colledge writ a Letter to the Emperor, wherein they expreſs their trouble at the unſucceſsfulneſs of the Conference at *Francfort*; and declare, that their concern is ſo much the greater, for that five Electors ſituate on the *Rhine*, will, in caſe of a Rupture, be moſt expoſed to danger, and cannot expect any thing elſe than to ſee their Countries and Subjects involved in the greateſt Miſeries and Calamities, and themſelves at laſt ſeparated from the Empire, which may the eaſier happen, for that the Empire is at preſent in a very ill condition, and more divided and diſunited than ever, and beſides, has, at its door, the Troubles of *Hungary*, and the impending War with the *Turks*; That in this dangerous Conjuncture and Circumſtance of Affairs, they have recourſe to his Imperial Majeſty, as to their Head, knowing the great care his Imperial Majeſty has of the happineſs and preſervation of the Empire, and being fully perſuaded that his Imperial Majeſty cannot have any thoughts of precipitating the Empire into ſo evident a danger, but that his Imperial Majeſty will himſelf judge it more expedient to yield ſomething to the preſent Conjuncture and Circumſtance of Affairs, and to eſtabliſh a firm Peace with *France*, than to oblige the Electors and other Princes that are moſt expoſed to danger, to make uſe of all the means they can in ſuch an extremity think of, for their own ſecurity, rather than to ſuffer themſelves to be utterly ruined by a War; and therefore pray his Imperial Majeſty,